British photographer Sean Gallagher spent the past seven years casting the spotlight on China's environmental crises. Here, a man walks over rocks near to a glacial lake that has formed at the base of the Dagu Glacier on the southeast edge of the Tibetan Plateau. The glacier has been reducing in size in recent years, as a resulting of rising temperatures in the region. Image by Sean Gallagher. China, 2012. 

See reporting here
Children play in spring water near Aqrah. Image by Lam Duc Hien/Agence VU. Iraqi Kurdistan, 2017. See reporting here
A rainbow arches over part of Cordillera de la Costa Central, a mountain range that divides Caracas from the Atlantic Ocean. Images by Natalie Keyssar. Venezuela, 2016. See reporting here.
A view of Phum Shangs (floating huts) inside Loktak Lake, Manipur. The Loktak Development Authority (LDA) has dredged most Phumdis (floating biomass) and Phum Shangs in the name of lake cleanup. Image by Neeta Satam. India, 2017. See reporting here.
The town of Ilulissat, Greenland's third largest, with a population of 4,400. Image by Jonas Bendiksen/Magnum Photos. Greenland, 2018. See reporting here
The Republic of Kiribati is made up of 33 tiny islands spread across an enormous expanse of the equatorial Pacific. Life has never been easy scrounging for food and water on narrow ribbons of land that rise, on average, little more than six feet above the sea. It’s going to be more difficult, if sea levels rise three feet or more this century, as scientists predict. Image by Kenneth R. Weiss. Kiribati, 2014. See reporting here
Horses, cattle and sheep—un-welcome, non-native species according to Doug Tompkins—are a crucial part of the culture and livelihood of Patagonia residents. Image by Katie Mathieson. Patagonia, 2014. See reporting here